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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/549,894	09/16/2005	Volker Stanjek	WAS0707PUSA	7201
22045 BROOKS KUS	7590 06/12/200 HMAN P.C.	EXAMINER		
1000 TOWN C	ENTER	ZEMEL, IRINA SOPJIA		
TWENTY-SECOND FLOOR SOUTHFIELD, MI 48075			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1796	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/12/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/549,894	STANJEK ET AL	STANJEK ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Irina S. Zemel	1796				
The MAILING DATE of this communication of the Period for Reply	cation appears on the cover shee	t with the correspondence a	ddress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MADE THE SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum states and the state of the stat	AILING DATE OF THIS COMMU of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, ma unication. tutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) I will, by statute, cause the application to becom	UNICATION. By a reply be timely filed MONTHS from the mailing date of this one ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on <i>07 March 2008</i>					
,	b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
/ _	/—	natters prosecution as to th	e merits is			
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims		,				
· <u>_</u>	annlication					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>10-21</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	e withdrawn from consideration.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
6) Claim(s) 10-21 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any object	tion to the drawing(s) be held in abe	yance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. Note the attac	hed Office Action or form P	TO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
2. Certified copies of the priority of	documents have been received. documents have been received i of the priority documents have be nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	n Application No een received in this Nationa	l Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	ГО-948) Рарег	ew Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application				

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Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 10-21 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 14-27 and 31-22 of copending Application No. 10/468633. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claimed subject matter of the instant application substantially overlaps in scope with the subject matter of the references application in that both application claims substantially identical/overlapping prepolymers having identical alkoxysilane terminated groups, and claiming hydrocarbon blowing agent as the only species in the instant application and one possible species of the referenced application as, for example, per claim 17 of the referenced application, thus making the choice of the claimed blowing agents clearly

envisaged from the group of blowing agents claimed in claim 17 of the referenced application.

It is further noted that the claimed A^1 - R^1 end groups of the instant claims are indistinguishable from the alkoxy groups of the alkoxysilyl chain ends when A^1 is oxygen and R^1 is an alkyl group, thus fully reading on the (OR^2) groups in the $SiR^1_z(OR^2)_{3-z}$ of the referenced co-pending application.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 10-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by WO 02/066532 to CONSORTIUM FUR ELEKTROCHEM IND, (hereinafter "Consortium") (of record, a US counterpart application 2004072921 is used as an English language equivalent of Consortium for specific references and examples.

The examiner regrets any inconvenience the wrong form paragraph (35 USC 102(c)) cited in the previous office action may have caused the applicants. The rejection of this office action is made non-final in view of such erroneous citation of the applicable statutory basis.

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As discussed in the previous office action, Consortium discloses foamable compositions comprising isocyanate-free, alkoxysilane-terminated prepolymer, having silane end groups of the formula fully corresponding to the compound of the claimed formula [2] or prepolymer corresponding to formula [3], and (B) a blowing agent. See, for example, abstract and claims of US PGPub 2004072921. The reference further expressly discloses isocyanate-free composition based on those compounds. Among suitable blowing agents(B) hydrocarbons having 1-5 carbon atoms are expressly disclosed in claim 3 and [0032] as one possible blowing agents species in a group of only tree species (that also includes dimethyl ether), and their mixtures, which makes the claimed hydrocarbon blowing agents clearly envisaged from the genus of only three species, as well as the mixture of two out of three species is also clearly envisages from the disclosure of [0032]. The reference further expressly discloses .a pressure vessel containing the foamable composition containing components A and B.

As noted above, the claimed A^1 - R^1 end groups of the instant claims are indistinguishable from the alkoxy groups of the alkoxysilyl chain ends. When, for example, the claimed A^1 is oxygen and R^1 is an alkyl group of 2-20 carbon atoms., the claimed A^1 - R^1 group fully reads on the (OR^2) groups in the $SiR^1_z(OR^2)_{3-z}$ of formula [1] as recited in the reference (and, for example, recited in claims 12 and 13). Therefore, in the absence of distinction between alkoxy groups of the alkoxysilyl and groups and the claimed A^1 - R^1 groups, the reference is still considered to be nticipatory reference of the claimed invention.

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The comparative examples are noted, however, they are irrelevant to the anticipatory rejection under 35 USC 102, claiming mixture *comprising* the two claimed components.

Response to Arguments

However, applicant's arguments filed 3-7-2008 with respect to the anticipatory rejection over '921 publication have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. As per discussion above, the claimed A1-R1 end groups are indistinguishable from alkoxy groups of the alkoxysilyl chain ends, thus, the cited reference is still considered to anticipate the claimed invention. While the applicants illustrate the claimed compound by a pre-polymer having dodecanoxy groups in addition to alkixysilane groups, nowhere in the claims A¹-R¹ is required to be either devoid of silicon or to be a reaction product of an alcohol (or another functional monomer) with an aisocyanate terminal group of the prepolymer.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Irina S. Zemel whose telephone number is (571)272-0577. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Seidleck can be reached on (571)272-1078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/ Irina S. Zemel/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1796 Irina S. Zemel Primary Examiner Art Unit 1796

ISZ